

Claim Amendments

We claim:

1. (Currently amended) A method for signal processing comprising:

performing a first fast Walsh transform on a first set of magnitudes to obtain a result;
modifying the said result to obtain a first modified result;
performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on the said first modified result to obtain a second modified result;
where modifying the said result comprises:
storing a result of said performing a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;
comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and
replacing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value with a zero to obtain a first modified result ~~and wherein n is a number of fast Walsh transforms performed and is equal to log N, where N is the number of valid traffic channels.~~

Claims 2-40 (canceled)

41. (Currently amended) An apparatus for interference cancellation, comprising:

means for receiving a signal;
means for despreading the received signal ;
means for performing carrier phase recovery on the despread signal;
means for performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on the despread carrier phase recovered signal to obtain a first set of transformed values;

- means for modifying the said first set of transformed values to create a first modified set of values; and
- means for performing at least a second fast Walsh transform on said first modified set of values to create a second modified set of values, further comprising:
- means for storing an interference vector precursor, wherein said interference vector precursor includes an element amplitude for an element having an amplitude that exceeds a threshold and a zero for an element having an amplitude that does not exceed said threshold.
42. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 41, further comprising:
- means for performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on said interference vector precursor to obtain an interference vector.
43. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 42, further comprising:
- means for storing said interference vector.
44. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 42, further comprising:
- means for scaling an interference vector.
45. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 44, further comprising means for combining a plurality of interference vectors to form a composite interference vector.
46. (Previously presented) A receiver device, comprising:
- a despreader operable to despread a received signal to produce a despread signal;
 - a carrier phase recovery module coupled to the despreader;
 - a fast Walsh transform module operable to perform a selected fast Walsh transform stage on the output of the carrier phase recovery module;
 - a comparator operable to compare each value output from said fast Walsh transform module to a threshold;
 - a first memory register operable to store element values output from said comparator as having a value less than said threshold; and
 - a second memory register operable to store element values output from said comparator as having a value not less than said threshold.

47. (Original) The device of Claim 46, wherein said comparator is additionally operable to output a zero for storing in said first memory register in place of element values having a value greater than said threshold.
48. (Original) The device of Claim 46, wherein said comparator is additionally operable to output a zero for storing in said second memory register in place of element values having a value less than said threshold.
49. (Original) The device of Claim 46, further comprising:
a multiplexer operable to provide said element values stored in said second memory to said fast Walsh transform module, said fast Walsh transform module additionally being operable to perform at least a first fast Walsh transform on said stored element values to obtain an interference vector.
50. (Previously presented) The device of Claim 49, further comprising:
a scaler operable to multiply said interference vector by a selected value.
51. (Original) The device of Claim 50, further comprising a summer operable to add a plurality of scaled interference vectors to obtain a composite interference vector.
- 52-84 (Cancelled)
85. (Currently amended) A method implemented in a logic circuit configured for:
performing carrier phase recovery on and despread a received signal to obtain a first set of magnitudes;
performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on said first set of magnitudes, wherein said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol;
storing a result of said performing at least a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;
comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and
storing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value to obtain a first modified result, further configured for:

storing each magnitude comprising said result of performing ~~said an~~ n^{th} fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not less than said threshold value in a second register; and

storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said n^{th} fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is less than said threshold value in said second register, wherein said second register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol, and wherein n is a number of fast Walsh transforms performed.

86. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 85, wherein said storing a zero comprises replacing magnitudes stored in said second register having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value with a zero.

87. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 85, wherein said n^{th} fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a valid length.

88. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 85, further configured for:

storing said magnitude comprising said result of performing ~~said an~~ $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is greater than said threshold value in a third register; and

storing a zero for magnitudes comprising said result of performing said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform having a magnitude that is not greater than said threshold value in said third register, wherein said third register comprises a number of magnitudes that is equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

89. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 88, wherein said $(n-1)^{\text{th}}$ fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of at least a minimum valid length.

90. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 85, wherein said second register comprises a number of values equal to said number of chips in a longest valid symbol.

91. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 88, further configured for:

adding said value in said second register to a product equal to said value in said third register multiplied by 2 to obtain a composite interference vector.

92. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 91, wherein said n^{th} fast Walsh transform corresponds to a Walsh code set for symbols of a maximum valid length.
93. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 91, further configured for:
- applying said composite interference vector to a received signal stream to create an interference canceled signal stream.
- 94-97 (canceled)
98. (Previously presented) A method implemented in a logic circuit configured for:
- performing carrier phase recovery on and despreading a received signal to obtain a first set of magnitudes;
 - performing at least a first fast Walsh transform on said first set of magnitudes, wherein said set of magnitudes contains a number of magnitudes that is equal to a number of chips in a longest valid symbol;
 - storing a result of said performing at least a first fast Walsh transform in a first register;
 - comparing each magnitude comprising said result of performing said at least a first fast Walsh transform to a threshold value; and
- storing each magnitude of said stored result of performing said first fast Walsh transform that is greater than said threshold value to obtain a first modified result, wherein n is a number of fast Walsh transforms performed and is equal to $\log N$, where N is the number of valid traffic channels.
- 99-100. (canceled)